Leon County Board of County Commissioners

Cover Sheet for Agenda #23

April 12, 2016

To:	Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board
From:	Vincent S. Long, County Administrator
Title:	First and Only Public Hearing to Consider a Proposed Ordinance to Revise the County's Driveway Connection Permitting, Inspection and Enforcement Process

County Administrator Review and Approval:	Vincent S. Long, County Administrator
Department/ Division Review:	Alan Rosenzweig, Deputy County Administrator David McDevitt, Director, Development Support and Environmental Management Tony Park P.E., Director, Public Works
Lead Staff/ Project Team:	John Kraynak, Director of Environmental Services Kathy Burke, Director of Engineering Services

Fiscal Impact:

It is anticipated this item will generate approximately \$20,000 annually in application review fees. The increased revenues would be utilized to support the operation of the Development Support and Environmental Management Department (DSEM).

Staff Recommendation:

- Option #1: Conduct the first and only Public Hearing and adopt the proposed Ordinance (Attachment #1) to revise the County's driveway connection permitting, inspection and enforcement process.
- Option #2: Adopt the proposed Fee Resolution (Attachment #2) for the application review, inspection and approval processes associated with proposed driveway and street connections.
- Option #3: Adopt the County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual (Attachment #3).

Report and Discussion

Background:

At the Board's July 8, 2013, Budget Workshop, staff presented the recommendations of the LEADS Cross Departmental Action Team, which were approved by the Board. The recommendations included the consolidation of inspection responsibilities associated with the permitting of development and construction. The Action Team noted that during the permitting and inspection process, inspectors from both Public Works and DSEM are required to visit the site based on the current regulatory process as established in the County's Code of Laws, and implemented by Board-adopted policies and procedures.

The LEADS Cross Departmental Action Team recommendations included the transfer of the permitting, inspection and enforcement responsibilities associated with driveway and street connection permits from Public Works to DSEM. The transfer of these responsibilities to DSEM would eliminate the need for Public Works inspectors to visit a site in conjunction with the construction of a driveway connection to a public road. DSEM staff would complete the required connection inspections in conjunction with other required site inspections associated with environmental and building code compliance. The Action Team also noted that by consolidating driveway connection inspections in this manner, it would enhance the delivery of customer services and would also allow Public Works inspection resources to be utilized on other public infrastructure projects.

Subsequent to the transfer of the permitting, inspection and enforcement responsibilities associated with connection permits, DSEM and Public Works staff has undertaken cross-training to ensure a seamless transition. Additionally, staff has drafted revisions to the County's Code of Laws to implement the transfer of the program to DSEM, and revised the implementing policies and procedures for the County's driveway and street connection permit review, inspection, and enforcement process.

The opportunity to revise the driveway permitting process was identified as a result of the following revised FY2012 - FY2016 Strategic Initiatives that the Board approved at the January 26, 2016 meeting:

• Conduct LEADS Reviews (G2) (2012)

This particular Strategic Initiative aligns with the Board's Strategic Priority:

• Governance - "Sustain a culture of performance, and deliver effective, efficient services that exceed expectations and demonstrate value." (G2)

<u>Analysis:</u>

The proposed Ordinance transfers the responsibility for implementation of the County's driveway and street connection permitting, inspection and enforcement process from Public Works to DSEM, and subsequently moves the associated requirements and criteria from Chapter 16 (Streets, Roads and Public Ways) to Chapter 10 (Land Development Code) of the County's

Code of Laws (Attachment #1). Additionally, the enforcement provisions in the proposed Ordinance have been revised to provide the Code Enforcement Board the authority to enforce the provisions of the County's driveway and street connection permitting requirements. This revision provides consistency with regard to the procedural enforcement of the regulatory provisions in the County's Land Development Code.

The proposed revision to the County's Code of Laws is procedural, and therefore does not require review by the Planning Commission for consistency with the Comprehensive Plan. Only one Public Hearing is required because the proposed Ordinance is a transportation planning and engineering-design based regulation that does not impact land use. The proposed Ordinance includes an effective date of May 16, 2016, which will provide adequate time to transfer the program responsibilities from Public Works to DSEM with minimal impact on the delivery of services to the public.

In addition to the proposed Ordinance revisions that would transfer driveway and street connection permitting responsibilities to DSEM, staff is also proposing an amendment to the DSEM Fee Schedule to incorporate the application review fees associated with the various types of driveway and connection permits (Attachment #2). Prior to recommending any increases to the fee schedule, staff determined that the building permit fee for an average site built home in Leon County is \$2,578. In comparable counties for a similar product (site built home) the fee ranges from \$4,000 to \$4,200. Attachment #4 provides a complete analysis of the existing and proposed fee schedule. The proposed increase of \$100 for the residential fee leaves the average total permit fee (\$2,678) still well below comparable counties. With DSEM providing all of the inspections related to the driveway connections, staff is able to provide a more streamlined service to the building community by eliminating the need to coordinate with both Public Works and DSEM to schedule inspections and to now have the ability for multiple inspections to occur simultaneously.

Subsequent to the adoption of the County's initial Driveway and Street Connection Ordinance in 1991, the Board also adopted a regulatory and procedural document to assist with implementation. In conjunction with the proposed revisions to the County's regulations regarding the driveway connection permitting, inspection and enforcement process, staff has comprehensively revised the 1991 implementation manual. The proposed Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual establishes the implementing policies and procedures for the County's driveway and street connection permit review, inspection, and enforcement process, and will replace the regulatory and procedural document adopted by the Board in 1991 (Attachment #3). The comprehensively revised and updated Manual will complement the revisions to the County's Driveway and Street Connection Ordinance, provide consistency with the definitions and other applicable provisions of the Land Development Code, and integrate current transportation planning and engineering standards and professional practices into the County's permitting processes associated with driveway and street connections.

The Public Hearing has been publicly noticed consistent with the requirements of Florida Statutes (Attachment #5).

Options:

- 1. Conduct the first and only Public Hearing and adopt the proposed Ordinance (Attachment #1) to revise the County's driveway connection permitting, inspection and enforcement process.
- 2. Adopt the proposed Fee Resolution (Attachment #2) for the application review, inspection and approval processes associated with proposed driveway and street connections.
- 3. Adopt the revised Leon County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual (Attachment #3).
- 4. Conduct the first and only Public Hearing and do not adopt the proposed Ordinance to revise the County's driveway connection permitting, inspection and enforcement process.
- 5. Do not adopt the proposed Fee Resolution for the application review, inspection and approval processes associated with proposed driveway and street connections.
- 6. Do not adopt the revised Leon County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual.
- 7. Board direction.

Recommendation:

Options #1, #2 and #3

Attachments:

- 1. Proposed Ordinance
- 2. Proposed Fee Resolution
- 3. Proposed Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual
- 4. Fee Analysis
- 5. Legal Notice

ORDINANCE NO. 16-_____

2 3 AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY 4 COMMISSIONERS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA. 5 REPEALING SECTIONS 16-56(b), 16-58, 16-59 AND 16-60 6 OF ARTICLE III OF CHAPTER 16 OF THE CODE OF 7 LAWS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, RELATED TO 8 "DRIVEWAY CONNECTIONS"; AMENDING CHAPTER 10, THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, OF THE CODE OF 9 10 LAWS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, BY ADDING 11 ARTICLE XV ENTITLED **"PERMITTING** FOR 12 CONNECTIONS TO COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS AND 13 STREETS": PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS: PROVIDING 14 FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE 15 DATE. 16

WHEREAS, the intent of the Permitting for Connections to County Maintained Roads Ordinance is to promote the public health, safety and general welfare by establishing criteria for permitting, siting and constructing driveway and roadway connections to county maintained roads; and

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WHEREAS, the Ordinance will ensure compliance with Florida Department of
 Transportation standards while establishing County-specific guidelines and procedures
 for driveway and roadway connections to county maintained roads.

26 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LEON 27 COUNTY, FLORIDA, that:

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SECTION 1. Sections 16-56(b), 16-58, 16-59, and 16-60 of Article III of Chapter 16 of
 the Code of Laws of Leon County, Florida, related to "Driveway Connections," are
 hereby repealed in their entirety.

33 SECTION 2. Chapter 10 of the Code of Laws of Leon County, Florida, is hereby
 34 amended by adding Article XV entitled "Permitting for Connections to County
 35 Maintained Roads and Streets," which article shall read as follows:

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- 37 38

ARTICLE XV. PERMITTING FOR CONNECTIONS TO COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS AND STREETS

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40 Sec. 10-15.101. - Defined, classification.

41 (a) For the purpose of this article, a "connection" is defined as any driveway, street,
 42 turnout, sidewalk, bikeway, trail or other means providing for the movement of
 43 motor vehicles, pedestrians or bicycles to or from the public street system.

44 (b) Roadway connections will be classified according to the expected traffic volume
 45 using the connection, the type of property and land use served, and the type of
 46 connection. The classification shall be determined by the Department of

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Development Support and Environmental Management in conjunction with the Department of Public Works. Classifications are:

- (1) Class I: Minimum connection or sidewalk/bikeway;
 - (2) Class II: Minor connection (ADT from 40 1000 VPD);
- (3) Class III: Major connection (ADT > 1000 VPD);
- (4) Class IV: Public/private roads.
- 7 8

9 Sec. 10-15.102. Purpose and intent.

10 The purpose and intent of this article is to regulate and control the location, construction, and design of connections to county maintained roads and streets, thereby 11 maximizing the capacity of the transportation systems by limiting driveway connections 12 13 and harmonizing the needs and demands of the road users, the rights of the abutting 14 property owners, and the needs of the county in controlling storm water discharge. It is 15 not the purpose of this article to regulate connections on roadways maintained by the 16 state department of transportation, or on roadways maintained by the City of 17 Tallahassee.

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19 Sec. 10-15.103. Appeals.

- (a) Whenever it is claimed that the true intent or meaning of this article or any of the
 regulations promulgated hereunder have been misconstrued or wrongly
 interpreted, the owner, or the duly authorized agent of the owner, may appeal the
 decision of the administrative official to the Board of Adjustment and Appeals (the
 "Board"). Notice of appeal shall be in writing and filed within 30 days after the
 decision is rendered by the responsible administrative official under this article.
- (b) Appeals hereunder shall be on forms provided by the Development Support and
 Environmental Management Department.
- (c) The decision of the Board shall be final. The decision shall be in writing and shall
 indicate the vote. Every decision shall be promptly filed in the office of the
 Development Support and Environmental Management Department. A copy
 shall be sent by mail or otherwise to the applicant.
- 32 (d) The Board shall, in every case, reach a decision without unreasonable or
 33 unnecessary delay. In no case may the Board fail to render a decision on the
 34 application within five days after the final hearing.
- 35 (e) If a decision of the Board reverses or modifies a decision, order, requirement or
 36 determination of the responsible official, the affected administrative official shall
 37 immediately take action in accordance with such decision.

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39 Sec. 10-15.104. Permit required.

40 No new connection or modifications to an existing connection to any county maintained

41 road or street from any abutting parcel of property shall be constructed unless a permit

for the development activity has been obtained from the Department of Development
 Support and Environmental Management.

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4 Sec. 10-15.105. Application for permit.

- 5 (a) Application for a permit for a connection shall be made to the Department of 6 Development Support and Environmental Management.
- 7 (b) A construction plan for the proposed connection shall be included as part of the 8 application.
- 9 (c) Applications for connection permits shall be accompanied by an application
 10 review fee. The review fee is established by the Board of County Commissioners
 11 by resolution. No application shall be considered complete or reviewed without
 12 the appropriate application review fee.
- (d) Applications for connection permits shall be approved by the Department of
 Development Support and Environmental Management. Connection permits shall
 be approved in accordance with the standards and guidelines established in the
 County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual.
 Copies of this document may be obtained from the Department of Development
 Support and Environmental Management.
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20 Sec. 10-15.106. Construction.

All connections shall be constructed pursuant to the approved permit and any conditions therein. The construction shall be subject to inspection consistent with the inspection procedures outlined in Article IV by the Department of Development Support and Environmental Management and must conform to standards and guidelines established in the County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual. The construction of such connections shall not be performed by the county.

28 Sec. 10-15.107. Enforcement.

29 The provisions of this Article shall be enforced by the Department of Development 30 Support and Environmental Management consistent with the procedures outlined in Chapter 10 of the Leon County Code of Laws. Any person violating any provision of 31 32 this article shall be punished according to law or in accordance with the findings of any duly established code enforcement board. Each day any violation continues shall 33 constitute a separate offence. No building permit shall be issued for a site unless and 34 35 until a required connection permit has been secured, nor while any violation of this article exists on the site. No "certificate of occupancy" shall be issued for a structure on 36 a site which is under a "notice of violation." 37

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SECTION 3. Conflicts. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict, as of the effective date of this Ordinance, except to the extent of any conflicts with the Tallahassee-Leon County Comprehensive Plan, as amended, which provisions shall prevail over any parts of this Ordinance which are inconsistent, either in whole or in part, with the Comprehensive Plan.

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1 2 3 4 5 6	portion of this article is for any reason competent jurisdiction, such portion	ction, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and ng shall not affect the validity of the remaining
7 8 9	SECTION 5. Effective date. This ordin shall commence beginning May 16, 201	nance shall have effect upon becoming law, but 6.
10 11 12 13	DULY PASSED AND ADOPTED BY County, Florida, this day of	the Board of County Commissioners of Leon, 2016.
13 14 15 16		LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA
17 18 19 20 21	BY:	BILL PROCTOR, CHAIRMAN BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
22 23 24 25 26	ATTEST: BOB INZER, CLERK OF THE COURT AND COMPTROLLER LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA	
27 28 29 30	BY:	
31 32 33	APPROVED AS TO FORM: LEON COUNTY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE	<u>.</u>
34 35 36 37 38	BY: HERBERT W.A. THIELE, ESQ. COUNTY ATTORNEY	

RESOLUTION NO. R16-____

RESOLUTION OF BOARD OF THE COUNTY A COMMISSIONERS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, ESTABLISHING A FEE FOR THE REVIEW AND INSPECTION OF A DRIVEWAY AND CONNECTION PERMIT TO THE DEVELOPMENT SERVICES AND **ENVIRONMENTAL** SERVICES PERMITTING FEE SCHEDULE ADOPTED AS **RESOLUTION NO. 06-19 BY THE BOARD AND MADE EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2006.**

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Leon County, Florida, has in effect Environmental Services and Development Services Fees adopted pursuant to Resolution No. 06-19, which are used to offset operating costs related to the permitting, inspection and enforcement of land development regulations; and,

WHEREAS, through user fees, the Board has committed to recovering the cost of services provided by the Department of Development Support and Environmental Management; specifically the Divisions of Development Services and Environmental Services; and,

WHEREAS, the County has established fees to ensure the application review fees associated with new development and construction recover the costs associated with providing expedited, as well as exceptional, customer service consistent with Board policy; and,

WHEREAS, the fee will offset the staffing and associated costs related to the intake, processing, review and inspection of driveway and connection permit applications, and the costs associated with enforcement;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, DULY ASSEMBLED IN REGULAR SESSION THIS _____ DAY OF _____2016, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. That under, Miscellaneous Fees, the following associated cost recovery application review fees shall be added:

Class I Connection Permit - \$185.00 Class II Connection Permit – \$500.00* Class III and Class IV Connection Permits - \$1,500.00*

*Connections proposed in conjunction with a County site and development plan review application will not be assessed this fee.

Section 2. That this Resolution amending the Board's Resolution No. 06-19, which was

adopted on June 13, 2006, with an effective date of October 1, 2006, to establish a fee schedule for Development Support and Environmental Management, shall be effective upon adoption by the Board.

LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA

BY:

Bill Proctor, Chairman Board of County Commissioners

ATTEST: Bob Inzer, Clerk of the Court and Comptroller Leon County, Florida

BY:_____

APPROVED AS TO FORM: Leon County Attorney's Office

BY:_____

Herbert W.A. Thiele, Esq. County Attorney



Leon County Driveway and Street Connection Guidelines and Procedures Manual

Adopted by the Leon County Board of County Commissioners

May 28, 1991

Amended by the Board of County Commissioners

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PURPOSE

To protect the safe use of the public roadways by managing the number and type of connections to the public roadways.

I. INTRODUCTION

The provisions of this Manual shall apply to the installation, modification, and maintenance of all new or existing connections to the public street system of Leon County. A connection is a driveway, street (public or private), turnouts for future development, sidewalks, trails or other means for providing access of vehicles, pedestrians or bicycles to or from the public road system. A public street is a roadway that is owned and/or maintained by Leon County, City of Tallahassee or the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT). This Manual outlines the standards for connections to public streets owned and maintained by Leon County. Connections to the State Highway System are governed by the FDOT. This Manual is intended to be in substantial conformance with the applicable Florida Statutes and the latest edition of the FDOT Driveway Information Guide. If this guide is silent as to a requirement, the criterion defaults to FDOT's. If this guide's criteria conflicts with FDOT's, this Manual governs.

Connections to designated Canopy Roads require adherence to the standards outlined in this manual and may require review by the Canopy Road Citizens' Committee and final approval by the Board of County Commissioners. The Director of Environmental Services or designee may waive requirements if deemed in the best interest for preservation of the tree canopy or protected slopes.

When in conflict, the Tallahassee-Leon County Comprehensive Plan and the Leon County Land Development Code (LDC) supersede the criteria outlined in this manual.

II. DEFINITIONS

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this document, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning. Other applicable definitions are found in the LDC.

Access - Ability to enter or leave land connecting to the County road system.

ADA - Americans with Disabilities Act - Requirements of the Federal government governing construction standards to guarantee access for persons with disabilities.

ADT - Average Daily Traffic - The average 24 hour volume, being the total volume during a stated period divided by the number of days in that period. Normally, this would be periodic daily traffic volumes over several days, not adjusted for days of the week or seasons of the year.

Arterial Roadway - Shall mean a street and highway facility, including full and partial access controlled highways and major interstate, inter-county, intra-county and urban area entrance highways, which are designed to carry the highest traffic volumes and the

longest trips through and within the county.

Collector Roadway, Major – Shall mean a street that channels traffic between arterials, from other collector streets to the arterial system, and from a major activity center to the arterial street system. Major collector roadways may sustain retail and other commercial establishments along its route and may carry relatively high traffic volume.

Collector Roadway, Minor – Shall mean a street that conducts traffic from a number of minor streets to the major collector/arterial system, between other collectors, and from activity centers to a street of higher classification. Minor collectors are predominately residential in nature, generally with lower volumes, shorter trip lengths, and fewer trips than major collectors.

Connections - Driveways, streets, turnouts for future development, sidewalks, trails or other means of providing access to vehicles, pedestrians or bicycles to and from the public street system.

Construction Plans - Plan and profile drawings with sufficient detail to clearly demonstrate that the proposed connection or modification to an existing connection is in compliance with this Manual.

Corner Clearance or Corner Setback - The distance between the nearest point of the connection and the edge of the travel lane of the intersecting street.

Culvert Pipe - A pipe or box conduit installed under a connection, appropriately sized to convey the stormwater from the contributing basin.

Curb Cut - A connection that requires the removal of curb from the roadway edge to construct the connection.

Director – The Director of Development Support and Environmental Management (DSEM) or designee, the Director of Environmental Services.

Driveway - Shall mean a private road or way giving access from a public or private rightof-way to an adjacent or abutting property.

Driveway Angle - The angle between the driveway connection centerline and the edge of the travel way.

Driveway Separation - The distance between driveways measured along the right-of-way lines between driveway tangent points.

Driveway Width - The narrowest width of the driveway measured perpendicular to the centerline of the driveway, or the edge of travel way to edge of travel way. Width does not include any taper or radius needed to facilitate turning movements.

DSEM - Development Support and Environmental Management, the County department

responsible for the coordination of the review, issuance, inspection, and closeout of driveway and connection permits.

Engineer - A Professional Engineer licensed in Florida in accordance with Chapter 471, Florida Statutes.

Entrance Throat Depth - The distance along the driveway from the right-of-way line to the first internal decision point for traffic.

FDOT - Florida Department of Transportation - the agency responsible for managing and permitting access onto the State Highway System and whose standards this manual follows.

Flare - A triangular-shaped pavement surface that transitions the driveway pavement from the property/right-of-way line to the edge of pavement to facilitate turning movements.

Frontage - Shall mean the length of the property line of any one premises along a street on which it borders.

Frontage Road -Typically a public street which is situated parallel to and adjacent to arterial and/or collector roadways and which provide access to abutting properties while providing separation from through traffic.

Integrated Access System - A transportation system which includes joint driveways, acceleration/deceleration lanes, turn lanes, limited access driveways, and frontage/service roads to minimize level of service impacts to the abutting roadway.

Intersection Setback - The distance from the right-of-way line of the intersecting street to the edge of the nearest adjacent driveway connection.

Island - A physical barrier which separates traffic lanes for the purposes of limiting and/or directing traffic flow to a specific direction.

Local Road - Shall mean a street which collects traffic from adjacent land uses and channels it to the collector/arterial roadway system. Local streets are intended to carry the lowest traffic volumes. Local streets can provide access to small homogeneous residential, commercial, office or industrial land uses.

Median - The portion of the divided roadway that separates opposing lanes of traffic.

Median Cut - A break in the median to allow some level of access.

Operational Analysis - Utilizes site-specific traffic counts, through movements, turning movements, distribution of traffic, traffic projections to review the adequacy of the adjacent roadway system for safety and the need for various roadway improvements such as, but not limited to, acceleration or deceleration lanes, turn lanes, stop signs, traffic signals, median modifications, access modifications, etc. Depending on the scale of the

development and projected traffic distribution, the operational analysis may extend beyond the roadway immediately adjacent to the property.

Permit - A document issued by DSEM which allows the construction of a new or modification of an existing connection to a county-maintained roadway and may include the conditions of approval associated with the connection.

Private Street - Shall mean any street which has not been dedicated to a public body for public use and which provides access to more than one landowner's property, and whose primary function is traffic circulation rather than access to individual parking spaces.

Property Line - The line between two separate parcels of land or the boundary between a parcel of land and the road right-of-way.

Public Street - Shall mean any street designed to serve more than one owner's property which is dedicated for public use and protected for maintenance by the Board of County Commissioners or other public body.

Right-of-Way (ROW) - Shall mean a strip of land taken or dedicated for use as a public way or such use as is set forth in the instrument establishing the right-of-way.

Service Road -Typically a private street which is situated parallel to and adjacent to arterial and/or collector roadways and which provide access to abutting properties while providing separation from through traffic.

Setback - Shall mean the shortest distance between a building or structure and the lot line, whether front, side or rear, measured from the lot line to vertical exterior walls.

Shoulder - A portion of the roadway contiguous to the travel way for the accommodation of stopped vehicles, for emergency use, and for edge of pavement protection.

Sidewalk - A hard-surfaced walkway or pathway constructed of concrete, or other durable material, built to specifications of Leon County, for purposes of facilitation pedestrian access along a thoroughfare or internal to a development.

Sight Triangle - Shall mean the length of road visible to a driver on a side street or driveway to observe oncoming objects on the main street, as defined in the LDC.

Standard Indexes - The FDOT's Publication of Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, latest edition.

State Highway - A roadway which is part of the official State of Florida Highway System and is owned and maintained by FDOT.

Structure – Shall mean anything constructed, installed or portable, the use of which requires a location on a parcel of land. This term also includes billboards, swimming pools, poles, pipelines, transmission lines, tracks and advertising signs.

Temporary Connection Permit - A permit which authorizes connection to the public road system for a limited period of time, typically for a construction entrance.

Trail - A pedestrian, bicycle, or horse path that may connect to a public roadway. The trail may be improved or unimproved.

Travel Way - The portion of the roadway used for the movement of vehicles. It does not include shoulders, bicycle lanes, turn lanes, etc.

Tree - Shall mean any self-supporting woody plant having at least one well-defined stem a minimum of two inches DBH, and which normally grows to a minimum height of 25 feet in the county area.

Trip Generation - The number of trips projected to be generated from a proposed land use onto the adjacent roadway. Trips are estimated based on the latest edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Manual.

Urban Service Area - Shall mean that area which includes all of the City of Tallahassee and a portion of the county which is to be developed at urban levels of density or intensity either immediately or over the course of the planning period. The boundaries of the urban service are as established in the Comprehensive Plan, as amended.

VPD - Vehicles per day.

VPH - Vehicles per hour.

III. CONNECTION CLASSIFICATIONS

Roadway and driveway connections are classified based on expected traffic volume using the connection. The permitting criteria and the information needed to review a connection permit are dependent on the classification. The level of plan detail requirements will increase as the connection class increases. DSEM shall determine the classification of connections. The total number of new trips generated at the proposed connection will be based on the generation rates from the latest edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

Class 1: Residential Connection or Sidewalk/Trail. This driveway connection classification is for a single-family home, duplex or multi-family dwelling of four (4) or fewer units. This class shall also apply to connections used for access to agricultural land and to all proposed sidewalk and trail connections. Commercial connections, regardless of the number of trips estimated to be generated by the proposed land use, are classified as a Class 2 or higher connection.

Class 2: Minor Connection. This is a connection that services the equivalent of more than four (4) residential units or any commercial use, regardless of the minimum trips. The total estimated trip generation associated with a proposed Class 2 connection is between 40 and 1,000 trips per day. This class does not apply to a proposed connection

that requires median modifications, turn lanes or an operational traffic analysis, regardless of the estimated number of trips associated with the proposed land use. All Class 2 connection requests are required to be designed by an engineer. Class 2 driveway connection permit applications shall be submitted concurrent with the project's site plan application submittal.

Class 3: Major Connection. This connection is projected to generate more than 1,000 vehicle trips per day. Examples of this connection class are high traffic commercial generators such as shopping centers, office parks, apartment or condominium complexes, or lower trip generators that have requested a median cut or other roadway modification such as, but not limited to, turn lanes and acceleration or deceleration lanes. A Class 3 permit application shall be prepared and submitted by an engineer. An operational traffic analysis of the proposed connection may be required regardless of the traffic concurrency status. The operational analysis shall review the functionality and safety of the proposed connection shall be submitted concurrent with the project's site plan application submittal and shall be reviewed by Public Works.

Class 4: Public or Private Roads. This classification level includes all new public or private road connections proposed to connect to an existing public roadway. A Class 4 permit application shall be prepared and submitted by an engineer. An operational analysis may be required, depending on the roadway connection location and projected trip generation. The operational analysis shall review the functionality and safety of the proposed connection, including any signalization requirements.

IV. POLICY ON THE COST OF CONSTRUCTION

The total cost of new connection construction or alteration to an existing connection, including required stormwater, shall be the responsibility of the applicant. The total cost of any offsite work required by the County due to altered traffic patterns or changes on the site that make the connection inefficient or unsafe, shall be the responsibility of the applicant. Any ROW disturbance or damage caused by the applicant during the construction of a roadway or connection shall be corrected to the original condition within the timeframe specified by the Director.

If the County Public Works Department revises traffic patterns or completes roadway work that is not attributed to the development that has been issued a connection permit, the County shall bear the cost to adjust/modify the connection(s) to accommodate the modified roadway condition.

V. CONNECTION PERMIT PROCEDURES

A. When to Apply for a Permit:

1. Before any connection to the public road system of Leon County is initiated or modified, DSEM shall issue a permit for the work. The connection permit shall be submitted at the time of the building permit for

a Class 1 driveway connection or concurrent with the submittal of a site plan application for Class 2 or higher connections. A single connection permit should be issued for the entire development site for the most comprehensive review of roadway impacts.

- 2. Issuance of a connection permit does not relieve the applicant from complying with the applicable provisions of the Comprehensive Plan or the LDC.
- 3. For all proposed, non-county public road connections to county roads by governmental entities, a connection permit is required from the entity proposing the connection.
- 4. A connection permit is not required for new connections to private roads or modifications to existing connections to private roads.
- 5. A permit is required for any modification to a connection to a county road.
- B. Where to Apply for a Connection Permit:

All connection permit applications shall be submitted to DSEM.

- C. Information Required for a Connection Permit:
 - 1. All connection permits require the following information:
 - a. A general location map, a legal description of the site or sites upon which any and all portions of the development will be located, a tax parcel identification number, and evidence of ownership.
 - b. The name, local address and telephone number of an individual who shall be the designated contact for the project, and shall have adequate authority within the project administration to ensure compliance with this permit.
 - c. A narrative indicating the intent and scope of the proposed project.
 - d. A site plan illustrating the following:
 - i. grading plan;
 - ii. location of the proposed connection, and existing/adjacent driveways, roadways, street intersections and railroads, if applicable;
 - iii. existing and proposed structures;
 - iv. culvert pipe specifications, if applicable;
 - v. sight triangle;

vi. environmental constraints (e.g. wetlands, trees, floodplain, slopes, etc.); and

vii. utilities.

- e. Sufficient details must be included so the connection can be constructed using the submitted drawings.
- f. Based on the proposed activity associated with the connection permit, a Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) plan may be required. The MOT plan must be reviewed and approved by Public Works.
- 2. In addition to the information outlined above, all Class 2, 3 and 4 connection permit applications shall include the following:
 - a. All ROW, property and easement lines;
 - b. Existing roadway pavement and median widths;
 - c. Surveyed elevations;
 - d. Complete engineering design;
 - e. Typical cross section of the driveway showing the pavement design;
 - f. Proposed stormwater culvert which denotes size, type of pipe, invert elevations, and end treatments, along with engineering calculations to verify that the proposed pipe size is adequate to safely convey the flow from offsite/upstream contributing basin for the required design storm based on the classification of the adjacent roadway;
 - g. Proposed grading to ensure that the connection will not have any adverse impacts;
 - h. Existing or proposed retaining walls, utility poles, sidewalks, bike paths, drainage structures, utilities and any other physical feature that might affect the driveway location;
 - i. All trees in the right-of-way that will be removed to construct the proposed connection or to provide an adequate sight triangle;
 - j. Adequate sight triangles must be demonstrated for each proposed connection; and
 - k. All utilities within 50 feet of the proposed connection shall be identified.
- 3. Class 3 and 4 connection permit applications shall include, in addition to all information required above, the following:
 - a. Safety analysis to determine if acceleration or deceleration lanes are required;

- b. Vehicle turning movement counts for the proposed condition;
- c. Vehicle trip generations and operational splits for intersection operational analysis. The analysis shall review the functionality and safety of the proposed connection and not the operational level of service based on capacity. A pre-submittal meeting is encouraged to determine the needed scope of the traffic operational analysis.
- 4. Class 3 and 4 permits shall obtain an environmental permit that includes approval from DSEM and Public Works.
- 5. Temporary connection permit applications must provide the information required for a Class 1 connection permit, and in addition provide the following:
 - a. Sight distance at the driveway connection along the roadway;
 - Distance from the proposed connection to intersecting roads, railroad, median openings and existing driveways within 300 feet on both sides of the street where the temporary connection is proposed;
 - c. Existing or proposed retaining walls, utility poles, sidewalks, bike paths, drainage structures, utilities, trees and any other physical features that may affect the driveway location;
 - d. A temporary driveway connection does not have to be paved; however, the connection must be stabilized and/or improved in such a manner as to not create an erosion or sedimentation issue;
 - e. Demonstration of adequate stormwater conveyance is required; and
 - f. Based on the proposed activity associated with the temporary connection permit, an MOT plan may be required.
- D. Review Procedure:
 - 1. Class 1 connection permits will be reviewed concurrent with the project's building and environmental permit application.
 - 2. Class 2 through 4 connection permits will be reviewed concurrent with the project's site plan and environmental permit application.
 - 3. Proposed projects that do not require site plan review or a building permit, as determined by DSEM (e.g. temporary or modification connection permits), shall be issued within ten (10) working days after submittal of a complete application.

E. Final Inspection

The applicant shall request an inspection prior to placement of material (e.g. pouring concrete or placement of asphalt). A final inspection approval is required for all connection permits issued by the county when the improvements are completed and prior to the expiration of the permit. All approved connection permits shall be valid for 6 months or until the work covered by the permit is completed. If the connection permit is issued in conjunction with a development approval, the connection permit shall remain valid consistent with the development approval.

VI. CONNECTION DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

The recommended design standards for construction and modifications of connections to the County road system are generally consistent with those implemented by FDOT. The Director of DSEM or designee may adjust the requirements based on site specific criteria.

- A. General Guidelines and Criteria:
 - 1. Construction plans for Class 2, 3 and 4 driveway connections shall be designed by an engineer.
 - 2. Sight distance measurement shall meet the most recent requirements in the FDOT Green Book based on the posted speed limit. In all cases, connections shall be located to either meet or maximize the available sight distance for the property. Please refer to Appendix 4 for current sight distance requirements.
 - 3. Existing roadway and natural features must be considered for the location of the proposed connection. Roadway features include, but are not limited to, median lanes, turn lanes, proximity to intersections, connections, traffic signals, pedestrian crossings, and utilities. Natural features include, but are not limited to, slopes, trees, wetlands, stormwater, floodplain, etc.
 - 4. In the interest of public safety, the proposed connection may not be permitted at the applicant's requested location based on the following:
 - a. To prevent the creation of unsafe or improper traffic movements, a connection will not be permitted along a particular frontage if the parcel has access to other public roadways.
 - b. An applicant may be required to provide on-site accommodations to allow vehicles to turn around and avoid backing into the street from the proposed connection.
 - c. A proposed modification to an existing connection may not be permitted if traffic patterns, points of connection, roadway geometries, or traffic control devices cause disruption of traffic or create safety hazards.

- 5. A connection shall not be allowed within the radius return of intersecting roadways.
- 6. The minimum setback from a roadway radius return to the edge of a Class 1 connection taper shall be 50 feet; a Class 2 or higher shall be 100 feet.
- 7. A connection shall not be located within acceleration or deceleration lanes, or within tapers.
- 8. The connection must be constructed in such a manner that entering and exiting movements will be accomplished with minimum disruption to the roadway traffic flow.
- 9. Class 2 or higher connections along major collectors or arterials shall be located at least 275 feet apart, measured from the closest edge of the two connections.
- 10. For any proposed Class 2 and above connection, the parcel shall be limited to one connection unless the frontage of the parcel is more than 330 feet. Based on site-specific conditions, two connections may be allowed if the parcel frontage is greater than 330 feet.
- 11. Along major collectors or arterial roadways, additional connections may be permitted if the total project traffic volume is projected to be more than 5000 VPD. Such a connection request requires the submittal of a detailed traffic study conducted by an engineer, which clearly demonstrates the need for additional connections. It is recommended that the applicant meet with DSEM and Public Works to discuss the scope and methodology for the traffic analysis, specifically regarding the operational safety aspects of the adjacent and nearby roadway systems.
- 12. Compliance with ADA requirements is mandatory for all connections.
- 13. The connection angle shall be 90 degrees or as specified in Appendix 1.
- 14. The minimum separation for a Class 1 connection is 40 feet. In cases where narrow lots exist, site-specific design criteria shall be applied to minimize the number of driveways connected to the street.
- 15. Entrance throat depth setback for Class 2 or higher connections is critical so that traffic does not slow down or impede through movements on the adjacent roadway. The minimum throat depth shall allow for at least two cars.
- 16. Improvements or modifications to existing connections shall conform to the standards for new connections, to the greatest extent possible.

- B. Connection Specifications
 - 1. All proposed connections shall comply with the specifications outlined in Appendix 1.
- C. Driveway Grades:
 - 1. Connection grades will affect the ability of vehicles to safely exit or enter a property. Therefore, the following criteria shall be implemented:
 - a. The applicant shall consider site requirements and sight distance;
 - b. The connection shall be designed for the prevention of stormwater from either entering or exiting the site;
 - c. FDOT guidelines for maximum grade changes and connection profiles shall be followed;
 - d. To prevent vehicle drag, vertical curves at least 5 feet long or short tangents at least 3 feet long shall be considered with grade changes over 6%. For connections to roadways with curb and gutter, no vertical curves shall be permitted through the gutter line unless the roadway drainage is properly accommodated; and
 - e. The maximum grade in the ROW shall be limited to 6% regardless of the class of connection, when possible.
 - 2. On arterial roadways, the following design factors shall be considered:
 - a. The connection shall slope upward from the gutter line without a vertical curve to provide stormwater control;
 - b. No drop curb shall be permitted within the limits of the curve radii, except as required for curb cut ramps for ADA compliance.
- D. Stormwater/Drainage:
 - 1. The following minimum standards shall apply if a culvert is required for the proposed connection:
 - a. A culvert is part of the driveway system and is sized and constructed at the property owner's expense. Minimum size culvert pipe is 18 inches unless a variance is approved by the County Engineer. In no cases shall the culvert pipe be less than 15 inches in a public ROW.
 - b. A culvert pipe shall meet FDOT standards with a minimum of a 50year design life. For Class 4 connections, only reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) is permitted.
 - c. A culvert pipe must be of adequate size to carry the contributing flow

for the 5-, 10- or 25- year, one-hour storm, depending on the roadway classification as follows:

- i. local road 5 year;
- ii. collector road 10 year; and
- iii. major collector/arterial or special development zone 25 year.
- d. The culvert pipe flow line shall be a minimum of 2 feet below the edge of pavement at either end of the connection if possible, based on site specific conditions.
- e. Culvert pipe ends must be protected with either an end wall, mitered end section or flared end sections. All construction shall meet the latest edition of FDOT Design Standard Indexes for these components.
- E. Canopy Roads Review Criteria:
 - 1. Any removal of a protected tree associated with a proposed connection will require the applicant to obtain a permit from DSEM.
 - 2. Clear sight distance must be provided between vehicles on a canopy road within dimension "d" (as shown in Table 1).
 - 3. The driver eye setback for the limit of clear sight shall be between 8 and 10 feet, depending on site-specific conditions. Observations are made in both directions along the line of sight at an elevation 3.5 feet above respective pavements.

4 1 Minor Road	Design Speed	d	dL	dR
	30	200	135	79
	35	225	151	88
	40	275	184	107
	45	325	216	126
dL dR Canopy Road	50	400	264	155
d	55	450	296	173

Table 1Canopy Road Sight Distance Requirements*

* Sight distance "d" is measured along the canopy roadway from the center of the entrance lane of the connection to the center of the approach lane of the canopy roadway. Distances dL and dR are measured from the center of the entrance lane of the connection to a point on the edge of the near side traffic lane on the canopy road.

VII. CONNECTION PAVEMENT MATERIALS AND REQUIREMENTS

Driveway Construction Materials

All driveway connections (except temporary) inside the Urban Service Area (USA) or designated rural community shall be stabilized with asphalt or concrete to the ROW line. Commercial driveways shall be designed for asphalt or concrete of sufficient cross section to support the proposed traffic loads. Residential connections outside the USA or a rural community must utilize the same material for a minimum of 5 feet from the edge of pavement or to the back of ditch, whichever is further, in order to protect the edge of pavement and preserve the stormwater conveyance.

Class 1. The connection apron shall be a minimum of 6 inches thick - 3000 psi concrete with fiber mesh reinforcement or asphaltic concrete. If asphaltic concrete is used, the minimum compacted thickness shall be 1 inch with 4 inches of limerock base (LBR 100).

Class 2. The connection shall be, at a minimum, 6 inches of 3000 psi fiber mesh concrete or greater, if required for the traffic loads, or an asphalt road surface designed to handle the traffic volume and load. The minimum cross section shall be 12 inches of stabilized sub-base LBR40, 6 inches of limerock or crushed concrete base with an LBR of 100 and 2 inches of SP 12.5 or 9.5. All pavement cross sections shall be designed for the site loadings to determine if the minimum requirements meet the site conditions.

Class 3. The connection shall be, at a minimum, 6 inches of 3000 psi fiber mesh concrete or greater, if required for the traffic loads, or an asphalt road surface designed to handle the traffic volume and load. The minimum cross section shall be 12 inches of stabilized sub-base LBR40, 6 inches of limerock or crushed concrete base with an LBR of 100 and 2 inches of SP 12.5 or 9.5. All pavement cross sections shall be designed for the site loadings to determine if the minimum requirements meet the site conditions.

Class 4. The minimum cross-section shall be 12 inches of stabilized sub-base LBR40, 6 inches of limerock or crushed concrete base with an LBR of 100 and 2 inches of SP 12.5 or 9.5. All pavement cross-sections shall be designed for the site loadings to determine if the minimum requirements meet the site conditions.

VIII. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

The installation of signage and pavement markings at private roadways, residential or commercial connections and/or the installation of traffic signals at Class 2 through 4 connections may be required for the safe and efficient movement of traffic. All traffic control devices shall be designed and installed in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), FDOT standards and Leon County standards. All traffic control devices shall be approved by the County Engineer.

The approval to install traffic signals shall be based on a traffic engineering analysis following FDOT/MUTCD standards which addresses the warrants, the design and operation of the signals. The responsibility for the study shall rest with the applicant. If a signal is installed, only mast arms are allowed and all elements shall be designed for

efficient maintainable signal operation. Additional signage, pavement markings, etc., within the County right-of-way may be required with or without a traffic signal. The applicant shall be responsible for all costs of the design, materials and installation. The County partners with the City of Tallahassee to operate and maintain its signal system; therefore, the County requires City specific controllers.

IX. MAINTENANCE AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT

- A. Connection Maintenance
 - 1. The property owner shall be responsible for all driveway connection maintenance, except sidewalk surfaces and drainage facilities.
 - 2. All traffic control devices, signals, pavement markings, and signage installed in the public ROW to control traffic shall be maintained by the County. Any traffic control devices required to be installed outside the public ROW shall be maintained by the property owner.
- B. Access Management:

Based on the traffic analysis for a proposed development, modification, reconstruction and construction of median openings and/or auxiliary lanes may be necessary to minimize the effect of the development on the operational levels of service on the adjacent roadway network.

- 1. Medians:
 - a. The spacing of median openings shall be governed by FDOT standards, based on the type and classification of the roadway. The median openings shall have clear sight distance for the speed and type of roadway. A traffic analysis shall demonstrate if turn-lane storage is required. Protected left turn storage shall be provided with all new or proposed median openings.
 - b. Median spacing may be adjusted based on site-specific factors such as sight distance, median width, and drainage.
 - c. New median openings shall be allowed when a specific need is justified based on a traffic study provided by the applicant's engineer, and when it can be documented that the opening provides benefits to the overall traffic flow and improves safety and efficiency of the existing public road. The applicant shall give primary consideration to alternate ingress/egress, such as intersecting streets, frontage roads, common exits, etc.
- 2. Auxiliary Lanes
 - a. Auxiliary lanes shall be provided when a specific need is justified based on a traffic study provided by the applicant's engineer.

- b. The construction of auxiliary lanes may require additional right-ofway, which shall be secured by the applicant at no expense to the County.
- c. Auxiliary lanes shall provide a minimum of 2-minute storage, or a minimum of 2 passenger vehicles, whichever is larger. If the oversized vehicle volume exceeds 10% of the traffic to the development, the minimum storage length shall be provided for one passenger car and one WB-50 truck

X. ENFORCEMENT

The provisions of this Article shall be enforced by the Department of Development Support and Environmental Management consistent with the procedures outlined in Chapter 10 of the Leon County Code of Laws.

XI. VARIANCES

Variances to the design requirements for Class 1or 2 permits may be granted by the Director of Environmental Services. A variance to the minimum culvert size shall be approved by the County Engineer. Variances for a Class 3 or Class 4 permit require the approval of the Development Review Committee. All variance requests shall be submitted in writing by the applicant. All variances granted shall be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.

A variance request must demonstrate that full compliance with these standards will result in a hardship for the property owner. A hardship is not an inconvenience or denial of the preferred access.

XII. APPEALS

Appeals of a permit denial or an administrative interpretation shall be filed in writing to DSEM and shall be heard by the Board of Adjustment and Appeals.

XIII. APPLICATION REVIEW FEES

A review fee will be charged for each connection permit application at the time of submission. The review fee shall be based on the class of permit, consistent with the Board-adopted application review fee schedule.

Attachment #3 Page 19 of 26

APPENDIX

APPENDIX 1 ROADWAY CONNECTION LAYOUT REQUIREMENTS*

Urban – curb &	& gutter	Clas (Non-com	-		(M	Class linor Com				Clas (Major Co		
Rural - highwa		Linhan Dural			Urban Rural		ral	Urban		Rural		
		Urban	Rural	1-way	2-v	vay	1-way	2-way	1-way	2-way	1-way	2-way
Driveway Widt	h (W)	9' n 24' r		14' min 24' max		max max	14' min 24' max	24' min 40' max			14' min 24' max	24' min 48' max
		Drop Curb #2	2 Return	Radii #2	Drop C	Curb #3	Return	n Radii #3	Return			n Radii
Flare (Return radii "R" or Drop Curb)	Local Street Min. Collector	10' Min.	-	Min. Max.	10' Min		15' Min. 25' Max.		35' 1			Max
	Maj. Collector Arterial Street	N/A		Min. Max.	N	/A		' Min. ' Max.	(or 3-centered curves)		(or 3-centered curves	
Angle of Drive	Angle of Drive (Y)		4 75	#4 - 90	#4 45 - 90	#4 75 - 90	#4 45 - 90	#4 75 - 90	#4 45 - 90	#4 75 - 90	#4 45 - 90	#4 75 – 90
Edge Clearand	ce (E)	0' Min.	0'	#5 Min.	3' N	/lin.	8'	#5 Min.	10'	#6 # 10' Min. 10' Min.		#6 Min.
Corner	Local Street	# 0' Min.	7 10'	Min.	0' N	#7 ⁄lin.	15	' Min.	N	#8 /A	N	#8 /A
Clearance	Minor Collector	0' Min.	10'	Min.	15'	Min.	25	' Min.	50'	Min.	50'	Min.
(C)	Major Collector Arterial Street	# 10' Min.	25'	Min.	#7 75' Min.		75' Min.		#8 100' Min.		#8 100' Min.	
ROW Clearance at	Local Street	25' Min.		Min.	25' Min.		25' Min.		N/A		N/A	
Intersection	Minor Collector	25' Min.	25'	Min.	50'	Min.	50	' Min.	100'	Min.	100'	Min.
(RC)	Major Collector Arterial Street	50' Min.	50'	Min.	100'	Min.	100	D' Min.	n. 150' Min.		150'	Min.
Distance	Local Street	#9		#9		#9		#9		#9		#9
Between		40' Min.		Min.	40'			' Min.	N			/A
Drives	Minor Collector	40' Min.	40'	Min.	75'		75	' Min.	125'		125'	Min.
	Major Collector	#9		#9		#9		#9		#9		#9
	Arterial Street	100' Min.		' Min.	275'			5' Min.	275'			Min.
15	sland	NO	PERMITTED			NUL	PERMITTED		10' – 22' Wide		10' – 22' Wide	

* Footnotes for the Roadway Connection Layout Requirements chart continue on the following page.

Footnotes for Appendix 1: Roadway Connection Layout Requirements

- 1. Driveway Width (W): Class 1 and 2 connections shall be within the minimum/maximum widths specified. Class 2 connections shall also conform to the widths specified; however, exceptions may be considered when vehicle capacity studies indicate that additional widths are required. On Class 2 and 3 connections that include a channelizing island to prevent left turn maneuvers, the minimum lane width should be 14 feet. For truck-trailer traffic, the minimum recommended width is 24 feet.
- (A) Flare (Drop Curb) Class 1 Urban: In lieu of the standard drop curb treatment, a curb return treatment may be permitted where deemed appropriate and in the public interest. Curb return radii criteria is the same for Class 1 rural turnout.
 - (B) Return Radii "R" Class 1 Rural: For recommended minimum radii, see Appendix 2, which shows the recommended relationship between lane width, driveway width and driveway radius.
- (A) Flare (Drop Curb) Class 2 Urban: In lieu of the standard drop curb treatment, a curb return treatment may be permitted where deemed appropriate and in the public interest. Curb return criteria is the same for Class 2 rural turnout.
 - (B) Return Radii "R" Class 2 Rural: Exception when the predominant vehicle usage is a passenger vehicle and field conditions or property highway frontage dictate:
 - The minimum radius may be reduced to 15 feet on the property line side;
 - The minimum width of drive shall be increased one foot for each foot of reduction.
- 4. Angle of Drive (Y): Recommended 45 degrees minimum for one-way connections; 75 degrees for two-way connections.

Two-way operation – recommended "Y" as near 90 degrees as site conditions allow, and 75 degrees normal minimum.

One-way operation – when vehicle usage is from both directions of travel on the highway, the recommended "Y" is the same as the two-way operation above. When vehicle usage is only from one direction of travel on the highway, a recommended "Y" of 45 degrees shall be considered as the normal minimum.

- 5. Edge Clearance (E) Class 1 and 2: at the 0' minimum for Class 1 and 2 rural turnouts, P.C. of the property line, i.e., it is a point of tangency.
- Edge Clearance (E) Class 3: E = 10 feet minimum is intended for new construction or initial issue as a Class 3 connection. Exception: when upgrading or reclassifying an existing connection and traffic conditions warrant, then: (a) lesser E distance is allowable, but no less than Class 2 requirements; and (b) upgrade connection complies with all other Class 3 layout requirements.
- 7. Corner Clearance (C) Class 1 and 2: If an urban intersection is signalized or is likely to be signalized, Class 1 and 2 urban connections should provide a 50' minimum corner clearance.
- 8. Corner Clearance (C) Class 3: The 5o feet from an intersecting street is an absolute minimum, applicable for undivided roadway sections and where maximum property access along a divided roadway section is not essential, e.g., access connection in vicinity of median opening.
- 9. Distance between Drives (D):

Class 1: Two driveways may be permitted along the same frontage if frontage is adequate to ensure proper driveway separation, e.g., access to timber and farm land, circular residential driveways, etc. Distance between driveways shall not be less than those specified for Class 2 requirements.

Class 2: Distances shown are absolute minimum values, and greater distances between driveways are desirable wherever feasible.

Class 3: These distances shall be used whenever the following conditions exist or are anticipated to occur: (1) roadway traffic volume is greater than 5,000 VPD, highway speed is greater than 25 mph; (2) level of property development (commercial) ranges from 30 to 60 driveways per mile; and (3) minimum driveway volumes are greater than 200 VPH at peak periods.

Along state highways, these distances may be readily applied only to construction on new alignment, or where the abutting property development is spread out and the abutting frontage is greater than 100 feet. As a practical matter on existing or reconstructed public roadways, it may be difficult to impossible to achieve the desirable recommended spacing. Where these recommended distances between drives are not feasible, lesser spacing between Class 3 driveways may be approved, but shall not be less than those absolute minimum distances specified for Class 2 requirements.

According to roadway speed and the above conditions, regardless of driveway classification, the spacing along arterial highways between driveways is:

Highway Speed	Minimum Distance
20 mph	85 feet
25 mph	105 feet
30 mph	125 feet
35 mph	150 feet
40 mph	180 feet
45 mph	230 feet
50 mph	275 feet

APPENDIX 2

Drive	F	Roadwav La	ane Width 1	1'*	Ro	adway Lan	e Width	12'*	Ro	adway Lan	e Width	13'*
Width	Car	SU	Bus	WB40	Car	SU	Bus	WB40	Car	SU	Bus	WB40
10	15'				15'				15'			
12	15'	40'			10'	40'			10'	40'		
14	10'	35'			10'	35'			10'	35'		
16	10'	30'	40'	40'	10'	30'	40'	40'	10'	30'	40'	40'
18	10'	25'	40'	35'	10'	25'	35'	35'	10'	25'	35'	35'
20	10'	25'	35'	35'	10'	20'	30'	30'	10'	20'	30'	30'
22	10'	20 ^{,1} 30 ^{,2}	30'	30'	10'	20' ¹ 30' ²	25'	30'	10'	20 ^{,1} 30 ^{,2}	25'	25'
24	10'	20' 30'	25' ¹ 45' ²	25'	10'	15' 30'	20'	25'	10'	15' 25'	20'	25'
26	10'	15' 30'	25' 45'	25'	10'	15' 25'	20'	25'	10'	15' 25'	20'	20'
28	10'	15' 30'	20' 40'	25'	10'	15' 25'	20'	20'	10'	15' 25'	20'	20'
30	10'	15'25'	20' 40'	20'	10'	15' 25'	20'	20'	10'	15'20'	15'	15'
32	10'	15' 25'	20' 35'	20'	10'	15'20'	20'	15'	10'	15'20'	15'	15'
34	10'	15'20'	20' 35'	15'	10'	15' 20'	15'	15'	10'	15'20'	15'	15'
36	10'	15'20'	15' 30'	15'	10'	15' 20'	15'	15'	10'	15' 15'	15'	15'
38	10'	15' 20'	15' 30'	15'	10'	15' 15'	15'	15'	10'	15' 15'	15'	15'
40	10'	15' 15'	15' 30'	15'	10'	15' 15'	15'	15'	10'	15' 15'	15'	15'

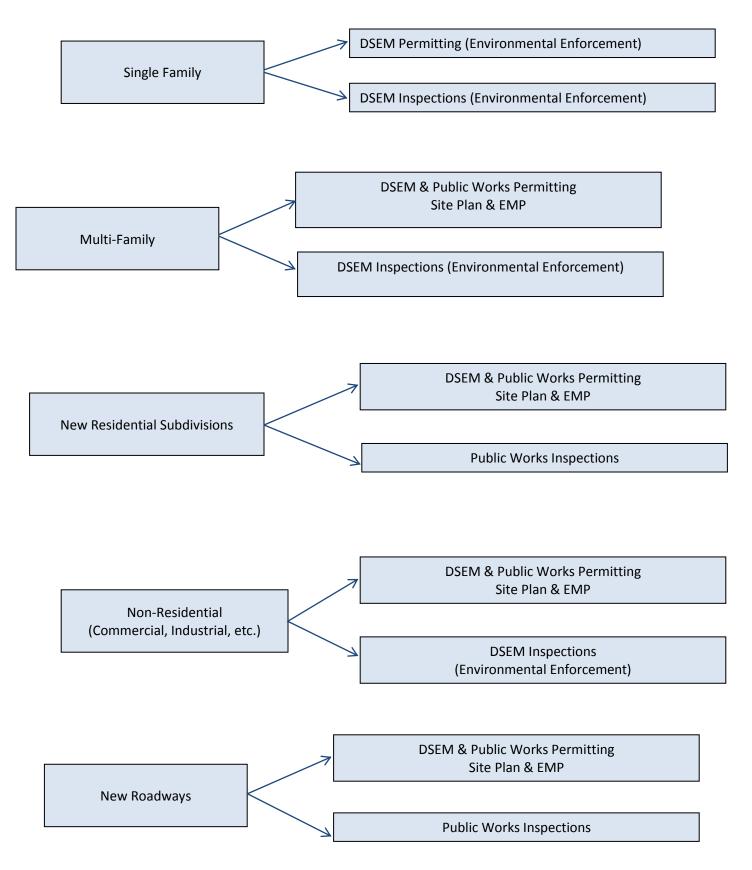
Recommended Relationship of Lane Width, Driveway Width and Driveway Radius

* Lane width is measured to face of curb.

Notes: ¹ This radius requires right turns into the drive to use the entire driveway width and requires right turns from the drive to cross the centerline on two-lane roadways. This combination should not be used as an exit radius on two-lane roads.

²This combination is the minimum for the exit radius on two-lane roadways. Should also be used for the entering radius where it is desirable to minimize encroachment into the driveway exit lane.

Appendix 3 Driveway Connection Processes



Topic # 625-000-015 Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways

May - 2013

TABLE 3 – 3 SIGHT DISTANCES AND LENGTHS OF VERTICAL CURVES

Cesign Speed (MPH)	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
Stopping Sight Distance (FEET)	80	115	155	200	250	305	360	425	495	570	645	730
BC		ER KV	ALLES	EOR N	UNIME	MIEN	THS Y	ERTIC	AL CLIE	EVE9		
110	Unbi	LL IN V	ALULU	I SICK	L = F		JIIIJ	LIVING	12 001	110		
L = LENGTH OF	VERT	ICAL 0	URVE	A =			IFFER	ENCE	DF GRA	DES IN	I PERC	ENT
Design Speed (MFH)	15	5 20	2	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
K Values for Crest Vertical Curves	5	10	19	31	47	70	98	136	185	245	313	401
K Values for Sag Vertical Curves	10	1	7 26	37	49	64	79	96	115	136	157	181
 The left the high 		fweric	al curve	e must r	never bi	a less th	an thre	e times	the des	ign spe	ed of	507
 Curve feasible 		is com	puled fr	om tre	tormula	a L = K)	A shou	d be rcu	unded u	pwarc	when	
	inimur le bel		ha of ve	artical c	urves to	be use	d on m	ajor hig	hways	are sho	WILLIN	

Design Speed (MP-I)	50	.60	70
Crest Vertical Curves (FEET)	300	400	50
Sag Vertical Curves (FEET)	200	300	400

(For application of				, use an		ght of 3	5.E0 feet		object I	height o	f 3.60
Design Speed (MPH)	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
Minimum Passing Sight Distance (FEET)	710	900	1090	1280	1470	1625	1835	1985	2135	2285	2480

Topic # 625 000 015 Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways

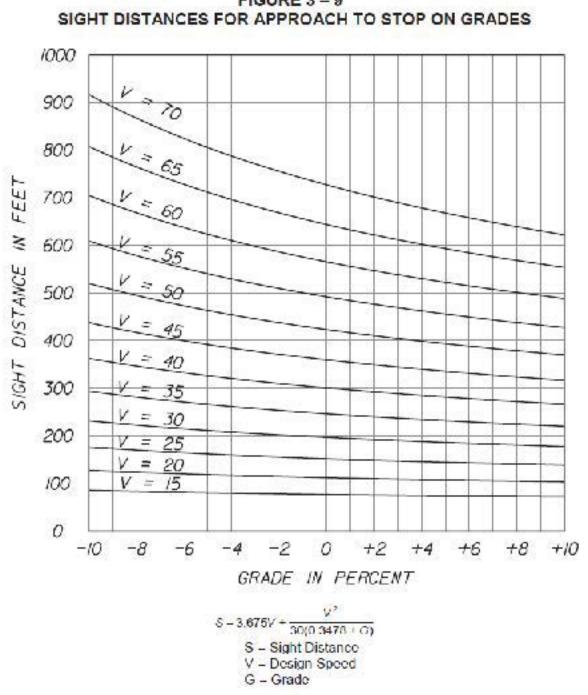


FIGURE 3-9

May 2013

Fee Analysis

The County initially established application review fees for driveway and connection permits in 1991. In 1996, based on the recommendation from a cost recovery fee study completed for DSEM by the Maximus consulting firm, the Board adopted a Class I driveway (single-family, duplex or multi-family dwelling of four units or less) application fee of \$82.24. This fee was intended to provide cost recovery for the intake and issuance of Class I driveway applications by DSEM. The fee did not include the cost recovery associated with application review and site inspections completed by Public Works in conjunction with a driveway connection request; therefore, the Public Work inspections were being subsidized by gas tax revenues.

Based on the current subsidy, a fee of \$285.00 would be justifiable for Class I driveway connection requests. This application review fee includes a minimum of two site visits by staff at a cost of \$100.00 per visit (consistent with the 1996 Maximus costs recovery fee study) and \$85.00 for the processing review and approval of the application (\$285.00 total). However, given the effort of the cross-departmental team to consolidate inspection activities, staff will be able to perform some of the driveway inspection activity with other required inspections. The benefit to perform multiple inspections during one site visit allows the fee to be set at a lower level. Staff recommends the fee to be set at \$185. This amount will recover a portion of the associated application review and approval costs for Class I connection requests. Most of the County's driveway inspections fall into the Class I category.

Class II through Class IV (categorized based on anticipated average daily traffic) driveway and street connection requests will be primarily reviewed during the site and development plan review process, and therefore, there is **not** a separate application review fee. However, in a limited number of situations there are sites being developed within the City that will impact County road segments. The previous fee schedule, not revised in 25 years (adopted in 1991), included a range of \$250 to \$1,500 for Class II through Class IV connections. In determining a recommended fee for connections not included in site plan review, staff evaluated existing workload efforts for similar types of reviews requiring engineering analysis for traffic and stormwater impacts. The most similar existing fee is a Short Form B-High Intensity Environmental Management Permit (\$1,344); including two site visits (\$100 per visit) for the proposed driveway connection would generate a proposed fee of \$1,544. Therefore, for Class III, the \$1,500 fee would remain the same.

For Class II, the current application fee is \$250, \$500 or \$750. Until such time as a new detailed fee study is developed, staff recommends the Class II fee be established at \$500; this provides some cost recovery and provides an incremental increase for some of the existing fees and a decrease for others.

For Class IV, public/private road connections, the original schedule did not include any fee for these connections as the cost was contemplated as part of the subdivision review process. However the fee schedule did not contemplate any situations where an interconnection to a County road inside the City may occur. These situations are extremely infrequent (and may never actually happen), however, in the rare instance that this might occur, the level of review by

the County for engineering analysis for traffic and stormwater impacts would equal or exceed that of a Class III review; therefore, staff is recommending setting this fee at \$1,500.

Table 1: Current and Recommended Fee Schedule Summary									
Classification	Connection Type	Current	Recommended						
Class I	Minimum connection	\$82.24 ⁽¹⁾	\$185 ⁽²⁾						
	Residential; Multi-family 4 units or less								
Class II	Minor Connection and Multi-Family	\$250/\$500/\$750 ⁽³⁾	\$500 ⁽⁴⁾						
Class III	Major connection	\$1,500 ⁽³⁾	\$1,500 ⁽⁴⁾						
Class IV	Public/Private Road Connection	No Fee ⁽³⁾	\$1,500 ⁽⁴⁾						

Table 1 provides a summary of the current and proposed fee schedule.

(1) Adopted by the Board in 1996, based on the recommendation of the Maximus cost recovery fee study completed for DSEM. The fee did not include the cost recovery associated with the application review and inspection of driveway connections performed by Public Works (gas taxes subsidized this work effort). The fee provided cost recovery for the intake, processing, and issuance of driveway permits performed by DSEM.

(2) The proposed application review fee includes cost recovery for one site visit that may have to be conducted independently by DSEM staff at a cost of \$100.00 per visit (consistent with the 1996 Maximus costs recovery study) and \$85.00 for the processing and review of the associated application (\$185.00 total).

(3) Notes the application review fees adopted by the Board in 1991, to implement the County's initial Driveway and Street Connection Ordinance. For public/private road connections, the current fee schedule anticipated the review being included as part of the site planning process; however, the fee schedule did not contemplate situations where a connection to a County road might occur in the City. In these situations, under the current fee schedule, the County would not be collecting any fees.

(4) The proposed \$500 and \$1,500 application review and approval fees would only be assessed for proposed connections to a County road that are not a part of the County's site and development plan review process. It is anticipated the majority (if not all) of these proposals will be impacting County road segments located inside the City of Tallahassee.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of Leon County, Florida (the "County") will conduct a public hearing on Tuesday, April 12, 2016, at 6:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as such matter may be heard, at the County Commission Chambers, 5th Floor, Leon County Courthouse, 301 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, to consider adoption of an ordinance entitled to wit:

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, REPEALING SECTIONS 16-56(b), 16-58, 16-59 AND 16-60 OF ARTICLE III OF CHAPTER 16 OF THE CODE OF LAWS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, RELATED TO "DRIVEWAY CONNECTIONS"; AMENDING CHAPTER 10, THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, OF THE CODE OF LAWS OF LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA, BY ADDING ARTICLE XV ENTITLED "PERMITTING FOR CONNECTIONS TO COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS AND STREETS"; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

All interested parties are invited to present their comments at the public hearing at the time and place set out above.

Anyone wishing to appeal the action of the Board with regard to this matter will need a record of the proceedings and should ensure that a verbatim record is made. Such record should include the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based, pursuant to Section 286.0105, Florida Statutes.

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 286.26, Florida Statutes, persons needing a special accommodation to participate in this proceeding should contact Mathieu Cavell or Facilities Management, Leon County Courthouse, 301 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, by written request at least 48 hours prior to the proceeding. Telephone: 850-606-5300 or 850-606-5000; 1-800-955-8771 (TTY), 1-800-955-8770 (Voice), or 711 via Florida Relay Service.

Copies of the ordinance may be inspected at the following locations during regular business hours:

Leon County Courthouse 301 S. Monroe St., 5th Floor Reception Desk Tallahassee, FL 32301

and

Leon County Clerk's Office 315 S. Calhoun Street, Room 750 Tallahassee, Florida 32301

Advertise: March 31, 2016

F91-00306